

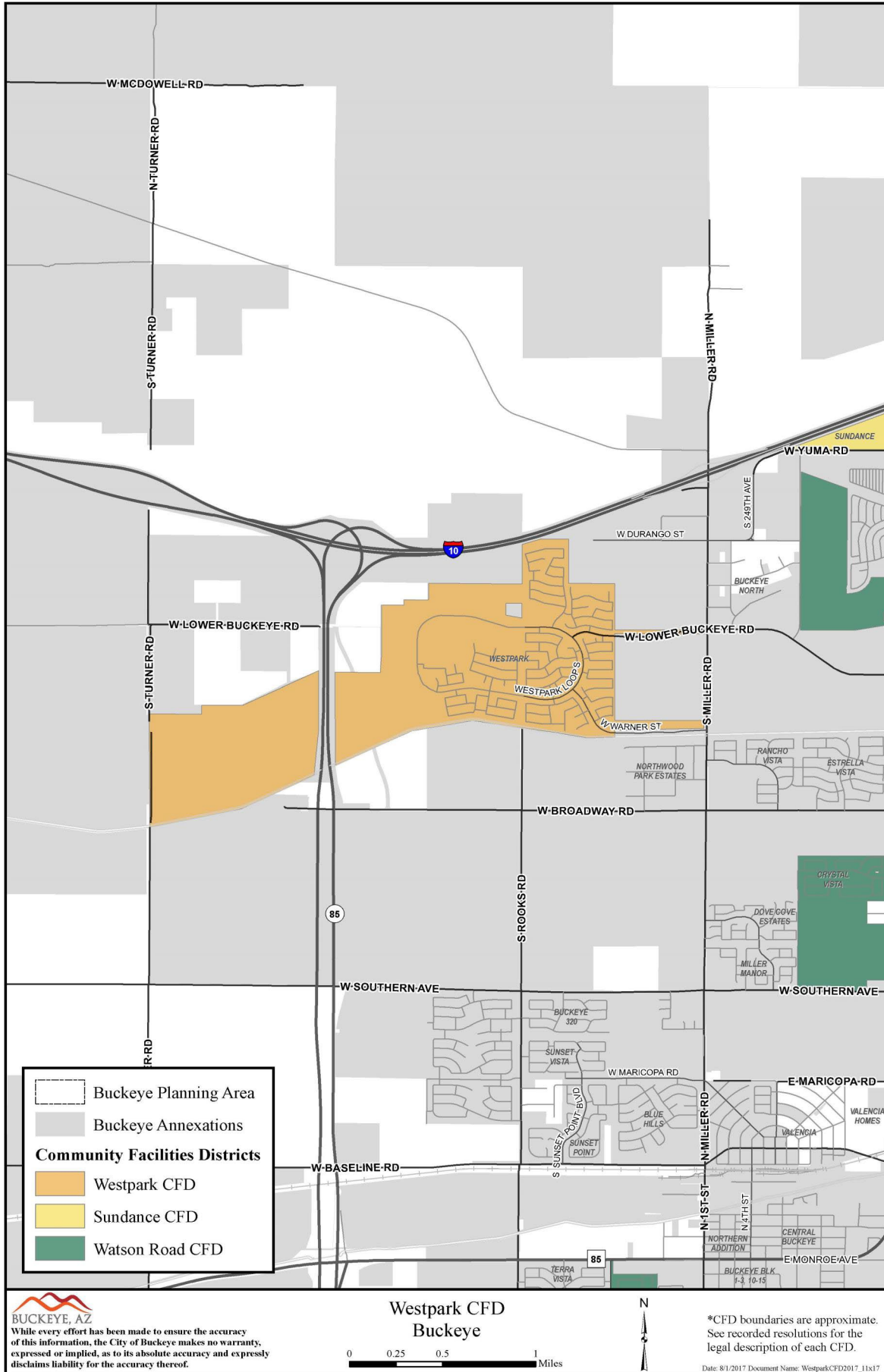


Westpark Community Facilities District Annual Financial Report

City of Buckeye

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Issued by: City of Buckeye Finance Department



Community Facilities Districts

- Westpark CFD
- Sundance CFD
- Watson Road CFD

BUCKEYE, AZ
 While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this information, the City of Buckeye makes no warranty, expressed or implied, as to its absolute accuracy and expressly disclaims liability for the accuracy thereof.

Westpark CFD
Buckeye

0 0.25 0.5 1 Miles

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*CFD boundaries are approximate. See recorded resolutions for the legal description of each CFD.
 Date: 8/1/2017 Document Name: WestparkCFD2017_11x17

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Westpark Community Facilities District

Report on Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westpark Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Westpark Community Facilities District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Westpark Community Facilities District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Heinfeld Meech & Co. PC

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.
Scottsdale, Arizona
December 30, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 555,257
Receivables, net	574,793
Restricted assets	
Cash with paying agent	262,798
Total assets	1,392,848
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,720
Matured debt interest payable	121,376
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	388,000
Due in more than one year	4,857,129
Total liabilities	5,370,225
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	(3,977,377)
Total net position	\$ (3,977,377)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues Charges for Services</u>	<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities</u>
Governmental activities			
General government	\$ 17,562	\$ 10,041	\$ (7,521)
Interest on long-term debt	223,371	55,575	(167,796)
Total governmental activities	<u>240,933</u>	<u>65,616</u>	<u>(175,317)</u>
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes			554,076
Investment earnings			127
Total general revenues			<u>554,203</u>
Change in net position			378,886
Net position - beginning			<u>(4,356,263)</u>
Net position - ending			<u>\$ (3,977,377)</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2022

	Debt Service			Total Governmental Funds
	General	Special Assessment	General Obligation	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 60,868	\$ 2,659	\$ 491,730	\$ 555,257
Receivables, net				
Intergovernmental	230	449	3,114	3,793
Special assessments	-	571,000	-	571,000
Restricted assets				
Cash with paying agent	-	262,798	-	262,798
Total assets	<u>\$ 61,098</u>	<u>\$ 836,906</u>	<u>\$ 494,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,392,848</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,720
Matured debt principal payable	-	68,000	320,000	388,000
Matured debt interest payable	-	18,851	102,525	121,376
Total liabilities	<u>3,720</u>	<u>86,851</u>	<u>422,525</u>	<u>513,096</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-	571,000	-	571,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>571,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>571,000</u>
Fund balances:				
Restricted				
Debt service	-	179,055	72,319	251,374
Unassigned	57,378	-	-	57,378
Total fund balances	<u>57,378</u>	<u>179,055</u>	<u>72,319</u>	<u>308,752</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 61,098</u>	<u>\$ 836,906</u>	<u>\$ 494,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,392,848</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022**

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 308,752
<p style="margin-left: 40px;">Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.</p>		
Special Assessments		571,000
<p style="margin-left: 40px;">Some liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported in the funds.</p>		
Bonds payable	(4,621,000)	
Premiums and discounts	(236,129)	
	(4,857,129)	
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ (3,977,377)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds
		Special Assessment	General Obligation	
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 27,650	\$ -	\$ 526,426	\$ 554,076
Charges for services	10,041	-	-	10,041
Special assessments	-	132,575	-	132,575
Investment earnings	-	124	3	127
Total revenues	<u>37,691</u>	<u>132,699</u>	<u>526,429</u>	<u>696,819</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	17,562	-	-	17,562
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	77,000	320,000	397,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,350	37,967	205,550	246,867
Total expenditures	<u>20,912</u>	<u>114,967</u>	<u>525,550</u>	<u>661,429</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	16,779	17,732	879	35,390
Fund balances - beginning	<u>40,599</u>	<u>161,323</u>	<u>71,440</u>	<u>273,362</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 57,378</u>	<u>\$ 179,055</u>	<u>\$ 72,319</u>	<u>\$ 308,752</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 35,390
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Some revenues reported in the governmental funds that did not provide current financial resources in prior years have been recognized previously in the statement of activities and therefore are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.</p>		
Special assessments		(77,000)
<p>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and the repayment of principal on long-term debt reduces long-term debt on the statement of net position. Likewise, refunding and defeasance of existing debt reduces the balance of long-term debt without adding additional debt. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these items are deferred and amortized over the term of the long-term debt in the statement of activities.</p>		
Principal payments on long-term debt	397,000	
Amortization of premium	23,496	
		420,496
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 378,886

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	Variance Between Final Budget and Actual Amounts
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 34,345	\$ 34,345	\$ 27,650	\$ (6,695)
Charges for services	2,200	2,200	10,041	7,841
Total revenues	36,545	36,545	37,691	1,146
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	22,340	24,840	17,562	7,278
Interest and fiscal charges	2,000	4,000	3,350	650
Contingency	40,360	35,860	-	35,860
Total expenditures	64,700	64,700	20,912	43,788
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(28,155)	(28,155)	16,779	44,934
Fund balances - beginning	28,155	28,155	40,599	12,444
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,378	\$ 57,378

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements – Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Westpark Community Facilities District (District) is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, and is authorized under state law to issue general obligation (GO) or revenue bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District was created by petition to the city council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District, and debt may be issued only after approval of voters within the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona (City), was established (November 5, 2002), and is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona as well as a municipal corporation by Arizona Law. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. All transactions of the District are included in the City's financial statements. However, the City has no liability for the debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by tax revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Special assessment revenue is recognized at the time of the special assessment levy. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District

considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the District applies the “early recognition” option for debt service payments. Property tax and special assessment resources are provided in Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized.

Property taxes and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The District reports all funds as major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the District’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operations except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Debt Service Funds – The Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the District to invest public monies in the State Treasurer’s Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents as defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is comprised of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds”.

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Taxes

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, which become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the

first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy, however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash on the statement of net position and on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Budgetary Data

According to state statutes, the District must adopt a budget on an annual basis. There are no statutory spending limitation but the District cannot spend more than actual revenues collected and carryover unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year.

N. Deficit Net Position

As described previously, the District was formed to finance and acquire or construct infrastructure assets that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Therefore, the Statement of Net Position reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District has adopted the City’s policy on which only the Board of Directors or the District’s Treasurer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District’s deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District’s deposits and bank balance was \$555,257. Bank balances are uninsured and uncollateralized. The unrestricted cash is in a repurchase sweep agreement rather than a deposit. In addition to unrestricted cash balance, the District also maintains deposits with paying agents and trustees.

Cash with the Trustee is collateralized by the District’s Agent in the District’s name. Restricted cash at year end equaled \$262,798 which represents amounts held by the District’s Trustee for future debt service payments.

NOTE 4 – BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year-end consisted of the following outstanding bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$17,310,000 remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes and special assessments from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt.

The CFD Board of Directors has pledged revenue derived from an annual assessment on the real property of the Westpark CFD (Assessment District 1) to repay \$3,800,000 in special assessment revenue bonds issued May 2005. Proceeds were used for infrastructure improvements within the special assessment District. The bonds are payable solely from assessments on the property owners. The total principal remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$571,000. The principal paid for the current year was \$77,000. Principal and interest paid for the current year approximate amounts received from special assessment property owners, which, at times exceed special assessments billed for the year.

The CFD Board of Directors has pledged revenue derived from the property taxes levied on the real property of the Westpark CFD to repay \$5,895,000 in general obligation bonds Series 2016, issued November 2016. Proceeds were used to refund the full outstanding amounts of Westpark CFD General Obligation Bonds Series 2005 and Series 2006 and advance refund the full outstanding balance of Westpark CFD General Obligation Bonds Series 2007. The bonds are payable from property taxes levied on property owners within the District. The total principal remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,050,000. The principal paid for the current year was \$320,000.

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT**Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2022

Purpose	Interest Rates (%)	Matures	Original Issue Amount	Amount Outstanding
Westpark Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	5.55 - 5.9%	July 2029	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 571,000
Westpark General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	4.0% - 5.0%	July 2032	5,895,000	4,050,000
Total Westpark			<u>\$ 9,695,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,621,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation and special assessment bonds at year-end are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Public Offering	
	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 399,000	\$ 225,940
2024	412,000	208,668
2025	432,000	190,820
2026	451,000	172,078
2027	476,000	148,798
2028-32	2,451,000	368,080
	<u>\$ 4,621,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,314,384</u>

NOTE 5 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Special Assessments	\$ 648,000	\$ -	\$ (77,000)	\$ 571,000	\$ -
General Obligations	4,370,000	-	(320,000)	4,050,000	-
Deferred amount on premium	259,625	-	(23,496)	236,129	-
Total bonds payable	<u>\$ 5,277,625</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (420,496)</u>	<u>\$ 4,857,129</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District’s insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the District is a participating member. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its member’s additional premiums should reserves and annual premium be insufficient to meet the pool’s obligations.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL- SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	Variance Between Final Budget and Actual Amounts
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Special assessments	\$ 165,894	\$ 165,894	\$ 132,575	\$ (33,319)
Investment earnings	200	200	124	(76)
Total revenues	166,094	166,094	132,699	(33,395)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	118,000	118,000	77,000	41,000
Interest and fiscal charges	42,825	42,825	37,967	4,858
Contingency	64,243	64,243	-	64,243
Total expenditures	235,068	235,068	114,967	120,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(68,974)	(68,974)	17,732	86,706
Net change in fund balances	(68,974)	(68,974)	17,732	86,706
Fund balances - beginning	68,974	68,974	161,323	92,349
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,055	\$ 179,055

WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	Variance Between Final Budget and Actual Amounts
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 520,303	\$ 520,303	\$ 526,426	\$ 6,123
Investment earning	-	-	3	3
Total revenues	520,303	520,303	526,429	6,126
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	2,635	3,235	-	3,235
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	320,000	320,000	320,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	208,400	208,400	205,550	2,850
Contingency	55,967	55,367	-	55,367
Total expenditures	587,002	587,002	525,550	61,452
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(66,699)	(66,699)	879	67,578
Net change in fund balances	(66,699)	(66,699)	879	67,578
Fund balances - beginning	167,187	167,187	71,440	(95,747)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 100,488	\$ 100,488	\$ 72,319	\$ (28,169)

OTHER INFORMATION



Ad Valorem Taxation in the District

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY21-22, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value of the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and (b) for fiscal years FY12-13 through FY14-15, the then-applicable, but now-replaced, Net Secondary Assessed Valuations of the District.

(a) The Full Cash Value and Net Assessed Limited Property Value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY21-22 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Assessed Limited Property Value
FY 21-22	\$209,467,066	\$11,455,219
FY 20-21	199,783,008	10,879,620
FY 19-20	184,523,543	10,244,901
FY 18-19	165,669,506	9,887,773
FY 17-18	144,689,925	9,098,560
FY 16-17	138,836,798	8,646,828
FY 15-16	131,406,229	8,441,190

(b) The Full Cash Value and Net Secondary Assessed Valuation of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the indicated fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Secondary Assessed Value
FY 14-15	\$99,312,134	\$9,115,120
FY 13-14	82,709,213	7,627,805
FY 12-13	86,454,162	8,066,834

Source: Maricopa County Assessor’s Office

Net Assessed Valuation by Property Classification

The table below is shown to indicate for fiscal years FY20-21 and FY21-22, the Net Assessed Limited Property Values by property classification for the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements.

Net Assessed Limited Property Values by Property Classification

Legal Class	Description	Fiscal Year FY 20-21	Percent of Total	Fiscal Year FY 21-22	Percent of Total
1	Commercial/Industrial	\$169,266	1.56%	\$212,844	1.86%
2	Agricultural/Vacant	41,735	0.38%	43,830	0.38%
3	Residential	7,687,763	70.66%	8,187,573	71.47%
4	Residential Rental	2,980,856	27.40%	3,010,972	26.28%
	Total	\$10,879,620	100.00%	\$11,455,219	100.00%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor’s Office

Net Assessed Property Values of Major Taxpayers

The tables below are shown to indicate for fiscal years FY21-22 and FY20-21, the major property taxpayers located within the District, and their FY21-22 and FY20-21 Net Assessed Limited Property Value, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Limited Property Value for the District.

Fiscal Year 21-22

Taxpayer	Net Assessed Limited Property Value	As Percent of District's Total Net Assessed Limited Property Value
ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	\$159,107	1.39%
ARP 2014-1 BORROWER LLC	77,174	0.67%
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	53,153	0.46%
HPA US1 LLC	46,000	0.40%
BEAZER PRE-OWNED HOMES LLC	40,444	0.35%
AMERICAN RESIDENTIAL LEASING COMPANY LLC	39,300	0.34%
RAMASUBRAMANIAM KRISHNAMANI/KRISHNAMANI P	32,736	0.29%
PROGRESS RESIDENTIAL BORROWER 5 LLC	29,470	0.26%
FLORES MARGARITA	24,425	0.21%
NEWPORT MARK C/LORI J TR	23,109	0.20%
Total	\$811,005	7.08%

Fiscal Year 20-21

Taxpayer	Net Assessed Limited Property Value	As Percent of District's Total Net Assessed Limited Property Value
ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	\$122,891	1.13%
ARP 2014-1 BORROWER LLC	73,500	0.68%
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	50,621	0.47%
BEAZER PRE-OWNED HOMES LLC	38,519	0.35%
AMERICAN RESIDENTIAL LEASING COMPANY LLC	37,428	0.34%
RAMASUBRAMANIAM KRISHNAMANI/KRISHNAMANI P	31,178	0.29%
PROGRESS RESIDENTIAL BORROWER 5 LLC	28,068	0.26%
FLORES MARGARITA	23,261	0.21%
NEWPORT MARK C/LORI J TR	22,008	0.20%
RVCV POINT RIDGE LLC	21,655	0.20%
Total	\$449,129	4.13%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office

Record of Taxes Levied and Collected in the District

Under Arizona law, the Board of Supervisors of the County is required to establish and levy a tax in an amount sufficient to satisfy debt service and O&M requirements of the District. Property taxes are levied and collected on property within the District by the Treasurer of the County on behalf of the District. The following table sets forth the tax collection records of the District for the periods shown:

Fiscal Year	Real and Secured	Collected to June 30 th (b)(c)		Total Collections (b)(c)	
	Personal Property Tax Levy (a)	Amount	Percent of Tax Levy	Amount	Percent of Tax Levy
2021-22	\$554,668	\$548,706	98.93%	\$548,706	98.93%
2020-21	576,697	569,521	98.76%	576,353	99.94%
2019-20	544,302	539,070	99.04%	544,302	100.00%
2018-19	543,647	536,469	98.68%	530,699	97.62%
2017-18	608,305	598,829	98.44%	607,142	99.81%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor’s Office

- (a) Tax levy is as reported by the Treasurer of the County as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August period.
- (b) Reflects collections made through June 30, the end of the fiscal year, on such year’s levy. Property taxes are payable in two installments. The first installment is due on October 1 and becomes delinquent on November 1, but is waived if the full tax year’s taxes are paid in full by December 31. The second installment becomes due on March 1 and is delinquent on May 1. Interest at the rate of 16 per annum attaches on first and second installments following their delinquent dates. Penalties for delinquent payments are not included in the above collection figures.
- (c) Reflects collections made through June 30, 2022.

Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

Overlapping general obligation bonded indebtedness is shown below including a breakdown of each overlapping jurisdiction's applicable general obligation bonded indebtedness, Net Assessed Limited Property Value and combined tax rate per \$100 Net Assessed Limited Property Value. Outstanding bonded indebtedness is comprised of general obligation bonds outstanding and general obligation bonds scheduled for sale. The applicable percentage of each jurisdiction's assessed valuation which lies within the District's boundaries was derived from information obtained from the Assessor of the County.

Direct and Overlapping Jurisdiction	Net Assessed Limited Property Value	Net Outstanding Bonded Debt (a)	Proportion Applicable to the District		Tax Rate per \$100 of Net Assessed Limited Property Value
			Approx. Percent	Net Amount	
State of Arizona	\$74,200,233,397	None	0.015%	None	\$0.0000
Maricopa County (b)	48,724,126,672	None	0.024%	None	2.1556
Maricopa CCCD	48,724,126,672	\$184,715,000	0.024%	\$43,427	1.2257
Maricopa County Special Health Care District	48,837,616,505	640,695,000	0.023%	150,280	0.2970
Western Maricopa Education Center District	18,045,628,311	144,220,000	0.063%	91,550	0.1579
Buckeye Elementary SD #33	267,319,655	39,885,000	4.285%	1,709,158	6.2675
Buckeye Union High SD #201	885,537,591	68,495,000	1.294%	886,044	3.0759
City of Buckeye	617,421,432	None	1.855%	None	1.7671
Westpark CFD	11,455,219	4,370,000	100.000%	4,370,000	4.8421
Total Net Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt				\$7,250,458	\$19.7888

Source: Maricopa County Tax Levy and State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll.

- (a) Outstanding bonded debt for various jurisdictions is as of June 30, 2022.
- (b) The County's tax rate includes the \$0.1400 tax rate of the Central Arizona Project, the \$0.1792 tax rate of the Maricopa County Flood Control District, the \$0.4263 tax rate of the County Education Equalization, the \$0.0556 tax rate of the Maricopa County Free Library, the \$0.0086 tax rate for the contribution to the Maricopa County Fire District, and the \$1.3459 tax rate of the County. It should be noted that the County Flood Control District does not levy taxes on personal property.



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